

**GHS Mathematics Department**  
**Term 2, 2026**

**Form 4 & Accelerated Form 3**

Week	Topic	Learning Objectives
1 - 2	Changing the subject of the Formula	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Changing the subject of the formula               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Write a variable in terms of another with symbols connected by a plus sign</li> <li>b. Write a variable in terms of another with symbols connected by a minus sign</li> <li>c. Write a variable in terms of another with symbols connected by a product</li> <li>d. Write a variable in terms of another with symbols connected by a quotient</li> <li>e. Change the subject of the formula requiring the removal of squares, square roots and powers</li> <li>f. Evaluate a formula</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
3 - 4	Coordinate Geometry	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Recap:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Read and plot points on the Cartesian plane</li> <li>b. Write coordinates of points as ordered pairs</li> <li>c. Determine the length, midpoint and gradient of a line segment</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Recognize a linear equation connecting two variables: <math>y = mx + c</math> where <math>m</math> and <math>c</math> are real numbers</li> <li>3. Plot a straight-line graph of a given equation</li> <li>4. Find the gradient and y-intercept of a straight line from its graph</li> <li>5. Find the equation of a straight line given (i) gradient and y-intercept, (ii) gradient and a point on the line, (iii) two points on the line</li> <li>6. Identify parallel lines, perpendicular lines and perpendicular bisectors</li> <li>7. Find the equation of parallel lines, perpendicular lines and perpendicular bisector</li> <li>8. Analyze <math>y = mx + c</math> by using the values of <math>m</math> and <math>c</math> to sketch the graph</li> </ol>
5 - 6	Factorising Expressions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Factorize an expression using the HCF</li> <li>2. Factorize an expression by grouping</li> <li>3. Factorize a quadratic expression using the distributive Law</li> <li>4. Factorize a quadratic expression (trinomial)</li> <li>5. Factorize as the difference of two squares</li> </ol>

7 - 8	Solving Quadratic Equations	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Solve quadratic equations by factorizing.</li> <li>2. Solve quadratic equations by using the quadratic formula</li> <li>3. Solve quadratic equations by completing the square.</li> <li>4. Solve word problems involving quadratic equations.</li> <li>5. Solve a pair of equations in two variables when one equation is quadratic or non – linear and the other linear</li> </ol>
9 - 10	Quadratic Graphs	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Draw and interpret graphs of a quadratic function to determine: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The roots of a function</li> <li>b. The elements of the domain that have given image</li> <li>c. The image of a given element in the domain</li> <li>d. The solutions of quadratic simultaneous equations</li> <li>e. The maximum or minimum value of the function</li> <li>f. The equation of the axis of symmetry</li> <li>g. The interval of the domain for which the elements of the range may be greater than or less than a given point</li> <li>h. An estimate of the value of the gradient at a given point</li> <li>i. Intercepts of the function</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Determine maximum or minimum value of a quadratic function expressed in the form <math>a(x + h)^2 + k</math></li> </ol>